WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a member selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) a polynucleotide encoding the polypeptide comprising amino acid 1 to amino acid 341 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:2;
- (b) a polynucleotide encoding the polypeptide comprising amino acid 1 to amino acid 277 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:4;
- (c) a polynucleotide capable of hybridizing to and which is at least 95% identical to the polynucleotide of (a) or (b); and
 - (d) a polynucleotide fragment of the polynucleotide of (a), (b) or (c).
- 2. The polynucleotide of Claim 1 wherein the polynucleotide is DNA.
- 3. The polynucleotide of Claim 1 wherein the polynucleotide is RNA.
- 4. The polynucleotide of Claim 1 wherein the polynucleotide is genomic DNA.
- 5. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a member selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) a polynucleotide which encodes a mature polypeptide having the amino acid sequence expressed by the DNA contained in ATCC Deposit No. 75875;
- (b) a polynucleotide which encodes a mature polypeptide having the amino acid sequence expressed by the DNA contained in ATCC Deposit No. 75873;
- (c) a polynucleotide capable of hybridizing to and which is at least 95% identical to the polynucleotide of (a); and
 - (d) a polynucleotide fragment of the polynucleotide of (a), (b) or (c).
- 6. A vector containing the DNA of Claim 2.
- 7. A host cell genetically engineered with the vector of Claim 6.
- 8. A process for producing a polypeptide comprising: expressing from the host cell of Claim 7 the polypeptide encoded by said DNA.
- 9. A process for producing cells capable of expressing a polypeptide comprising genetically engineering cells with the vector of Claim 6.

- 10. A polypeptide selected from the group consisting of (i) a polypeptide having the deduced amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2 and fragments, analogs and derivatives thereof; (ii) a polypeptide encoded by the cDNA of ATCC Deposit No. 75875 and fragments, analogs and derivatives of said polypeptide; (iii) a polypeptide having the deduced amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:4 and fragments, analogs and derivatives thereof; and (iv) a polypeptide encoded by the cDNA of ATCC Deposit No. 75873 and fragments, analogs and derivatives of said polypeptide.
- 11. A compound which inhibits acitivation of the polypeptide of claim 10.
- 12. A method for the treatment of a patient having need of ICE-LAP-3 comprising: administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of the polypeptide of claim 10.
- 13. The method of Claim 12 wherein said therapeutically effective amount of the polypeptide is administered by providing to the patient DNA encoding said polypeptide and expressing said polypeptide *in vivo*.
- 14. A method for the treatment of a patient having need of ICE-LAP-4 comprising: administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of the polypeptide of claim 10.
- 15. The method of Claim 14 wherein said therapeutically effective amount of the polypeptide is administered by providing to the patient DNA encoding said polypeptide and expressing said polypeptide *in vivo*.
- 16. A method for the treatment of a patient having need to inhibit an ICE-LAP 3 polypeptide comprising: administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of the compound of Claim 11.
- 17. A method for the treatment of a patient having need to inhibit an ICE-LAP 4 polypeptide comprising: administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of the compound of Claim 11.
- 18. A process for diagnosing a disease or a susceptibility to a disease related to an underexpression of the polypeptide of claim 10 comprising:

determining a mutation in a nucleic acid sequence encoding said polypeptide.

- 19. A diagnostic process comprising: analyzing for the presence of the polypeptide of claim 10 in a sample derived from a host.
- 20. A method for identifying compounds which inhibit the polypeptide of claim 10 comprising:

contacting the polypeptide with its natural substrate and a compound under conditions where the substrate is normally cleaved by the polypeptide; and

determining whether the compound inhibits the polypeptide by detecting the absence of cleaved substrate.